

THE MATHEMATICAL GRAMMAR SCHOOL CUP

- MATHEMATICS -

June 2024.

- If the pair  $(x, y)$  is a solution of the system of equations  $2 - x^3 = y$ ,  $2 - y^3 = x$ , then sum of the coordinates of all pairs is:  
 (A)  $+\infty$  (B)  $-11$  (C)  $2$  (D)  $2 + \sqrt{2}$  (E)  $4$ .
- On the circumference of a circle are  $n$  distinct real numbers,  $n \geq 3$ , in such a way that each number is equal to the product of its immediate neighbors. The sum of squares of all such numbers  $n$  are:  
 (A)  $9$  (B)  $136$  (C)  $45$  (D)  $244$  (E)  $36$ .
- Let  $\triangle ABC$  be a triangle with sides  $|AB| = 21$ ,  $|AC| = 28$ ,  $|BC| = 35$ . Let  $D, E, F$  be the feet of the angle bisectors from  $A, B$  and  $C$ , respectively. The area of the triangle  $\triangle DEF$  is:  
 (A)  $70$  (B)  $75$  (C)  $80$  (D)  $85$  (E)  $90$ .
- Let  $c$  be a real number. If the set of points in the  $xy$ -plane which satisfy the equation 
$$x^4 - cy^2 + (1 - c)x^2 - 2x^3 + x^2y^2 + 2cx - c = 0$$
 contains the vertices of exactly one equilateral triangle, then the value of  $c$  is:  
 (A)  $-2$  (B)  $0$  (C)  $2$  (D)  $4$  (E)  $6$ .
- You are given 19 rods, of lengths  $1, 2, 3, \dots, 19$  (one rod of each length). The number of ways you can choose three different rods such that they can form a triangle is:  
 (A)  $465$  (B)  $423$  (C)  $410$  (D)  $492$  (E)  $444$
- There are 101 people seated around a circular table. It is known that one of them is 37 years old and that every person's age is the arithmetic mean of ages of a couple of people (possibly one) seated directly to the left of him. The maximal age of the oldest person at the table under the given conditions is:  
 (A)  $74$  (B)  $37$  (C)  $69$  (D)  $101$  (E)  $64$ .
- The total number of all numbers with 7 digits formed by all permutations of the digits of the number 1234567 and which are divisible by 7 is:  
 (A)  $640$  (B)  $680$  (C)  $700$  (D)  $720$  (E)  $740$ .
- Let  $a, b$  and  $c$  denote the three roots of a polynomial  $Q(x) = x^3 - 3x - 1$ . If  $P \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$  is a monic polynomial (with leading coefficient equal to one) of degree 6 with integer coefficients such that  $P(a + \sqrt{3}) = 0$ ,  $P(b + \sqrt{3}) = 0$  and  $P(c + \sqrt{3}) = 0$ , then the value of  $P(1)$  is:  
 (A)  $31$  (B)  $73$  (C)  $66$  (D)  $27$  (E)  $42$ .

GOOD LUCK!!!